## Always, Sometimes, Never....

Write in the missing value for each of the calculations below

Check your answers with a calculator and correct any that you have got wrong.

1. $12+6=18$.
2. $12+12 .=24$
$6+12=18$.
$12--12=24$
3. $12-6=.6$.
4. $12+-6=6$
$6-12=-6$
$12-. .6=6$
5. $12 \times 6=78$
6. $12 \times .2 .=24$
$6 \times 12=78$.
$12 \div 1 / 2=24$
7. $12 \div 6=.2$.
8. $12 \times 1 / 2=6$

$$
6 \div 12=1 / 2
$$

$12 \div 2 .=6$

In Maths the word COMMUTATIVE means that the answer is the same whichever way around the numbers are placed. Can you use this word when you answer the question below?

What do you notice :-
Addition and multiplication are commutative, but subtraction and division are not.

You need to consider lots of different (types of) numbers that could be substituted for $\mathbf{x}$.

$$
3+x=x+3 \quad \text { Always }
$$

It doesn't matter which way round you add, you get the same answer.

$$
5 \times x=x \times 5 \quad \text { Always }
$$

It doesn't matter which way round you multiply, you get the same answer.

$$
5+x>5
$$

If you add a number to 5 , your answer will be more than 5 .

$$
5-x \leq 5
$$

Sometimes B2

If you take a number away from 5, your answer will be less than or equal to 5 .

$$
2-x=x-2 \quad \substack{\text { Sometimes } \\ \text { E.g. } x=2}
$$

It doesn't matter which way round you subtract, you get the same answer.

$$
x \div 2=2 \div x \quad \substack{\text { Sometimes } \\ \mathrm{E} . \mathrm{g} \cdot \mathrm{x}=2}
$$

It doesn't matter which way round you divide, you get the same answer.

$$
x+8>x
$$

Always
If you add 8 to a number, your answer will be more than the number.

$$
x-10>x \quad \text { Never }
$$

If you take 10 away from a number, the answer will be greater than the number.

Here are some types of numbers that you could try.

| Large and <br> Small | Decimals | Fractions | Negative <br> numbers | Special <br> numbers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 100 | 0.3 | $\frac{1}{2}$ | -5 | 0 |
| 2 | 0.05 | $3 \frac{1}{4}$ | -0.7 | 1 |

Decide if each statement is Always, Sometimes or Never true.

## Extension task 1 :

Now consider these statements

| $4 x \geq 4$ <br> Sometimes <br> B5 <br> If you multiply 4 by a number, your answer will be greater than or equal to 4. | $10 x \geq x^{\substack{\text { Sometimes } \\ \mathrm{B} 2}}$ <br> If you multiply $\mathbf{1 0}$ by a number, your answer will be greater than or equal to the number. |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\frac{\boldsymbol{x}}{\mathbf{2}}<\boldsymbol{x} \quad \underset{\mathrm{B6}}{\substack{\text { Sometimes }}}$ <br> If you divide a number by 2 , the answer will be less than the number. | $\frac{10}{x} \leq 10 \quad \underset{B 5}{\text { Sometimes }}$ <br> If you divide $\mathbf{1 0}$ by a number, your answer will be less than or equal to 10 . |
| $\sqrt{x} \leq x \underbrace{\substack{\text { Sometimes }}}_{\text {B4 }}$ <br> The square root of a number is less than or equal to the number. | $x^{2} \geq x \quad \substack{\text { Sometimes } \\ B 1}$ <br> The square of a number is greater than or equal to the number. |

Using the same strategy decide if these statements are Always, Sometimes of Never true?

## Extension Task 2:

Can you match the number lines below with the solutions for the first two tasks, where you think it is sometimes true. There are some blank number lines if you need them?

| Sometimes true |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Sometimes true |  |
| B5 <br> Sometimes true |  |

